

Attorney's Docket No. 042933/298965

PATENT

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re: Nativadade Lobo  
Appl. No.: 09/625,201  
Filed: July 21, 2000  
For: PULSE SHAPING WHICH COMPENSATES FOR COMPONENT DISTORTION

Confirmation No.: 5615

**BOX ISSUE FEE**

Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**SUBMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT**

To complete the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 119, enclosed is a certified copy of Great Britain priority Application No. 9801306.3, filed January 21, 1998.

Respectfully submitted,

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the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents originally filed in connection with patent application GB9801306.3 filed on 21 January 1998.

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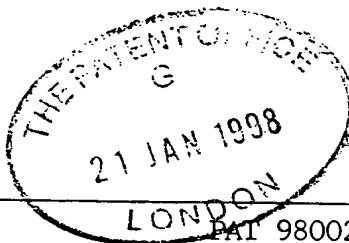
Signed



Dated 21 August 2007

# Request for grant of a patent

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The Patent Office

Cardiff Road  
Newport  
Gwent NP9 1RH

1. Your reference

2. Patent applicant  
(The Patent Office)

**9801306.3**

**21 JAN 1998**

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

NOKIA MOBILE PHONES LIMITED  
KEILALAHDENTIE 4  
02150 ESPOO  
FINLAND

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

5911995004  
FINLAND

4. Title of the invention

RECEIVER/MODULATOR

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

MRS HELEN LOUISE HAWS

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

NOKIA MOBILE PHONES  
PATENT DEPARTMENT  
ST GEORGES COURT  
ST GEORGES ROAD  
CAMBERLEY  
SURREY GU15 3QZ UK

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

4105177001

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number  
(if you know it)

Date of filing  
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing  
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if:

YES

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
  - b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
  - c) any named applicant is a corporate body.
- See note (d))

I certify this to be a true copy.

G D Galt  
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# Patents Form 1/77

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Continuation sheets of this form

Description 30

Claim(s)

Abstract

Drawing(s) IN WITH TEXT

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (*Patents Form 7/77*)

Request for preliminary examination and search (*Patents Form 9/77*)

Request for substantive examination (*Patents Form 10/77*)

Any other documents  
(please specify)

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

Date 21 January 1998

H L HAWS AGENT FOR THE APPLICANT

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

HELEN HAWS  
01276 419346

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- If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

In this paper we study Laurents paper.

Laurent shows that it is possible to construct Phase modulation by the superposition of amplitude modulated pulses.

The new idea :

We can separate the method of the superposition from the shape of the amplitude modulated pulses. We can then use different pulses of the same duration and /or fewer of them to construct modulation schemes that have desirable properties in the spectral and approximate to constant envelope schemes.

In particular we can use pulses with narrower bandwidth (but of the same support) to generate a modulation scheme that has a narrower bandwidth with a corresponding increase in the variation of the envelope of the signal .

*In particular we can design mobile/  
phones/systems with better power/bandwidth trade off  
considerations - and able to support higher  
number of users per base station channels.*

---

In this paper we effectly study Laurents paper.

We develop the modulating function that is used in GSM first to use as an example to demonstrate Laurent's idea.

$$T := \frac{3}{812500}$$

$$BT := 0.3$$

$$\sigma := \frac{\sqrt{\text{Log}[2]}}{2 \pi BT}$$

$$h[t_] := \frac{\text{Exp}\left[-\frac{t^2}{2 \sigma^2 T^2}\right]}{\sqrt{2 \pi \sigma T}}$$

Ideally we would and did define the effect of the convolution of  $h[t]$  by the formula below. However, this version of *Mathematica* gives an error.

$$h_{f11}[t_] := \text{Release}\left[\text{Module}\left[\{ \tau \}, \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} \frac{h[t - \tau]}{T} d\tau\right]\right]$$

We get round this by numerically fitting an interpolation function.

```
h_f11[PulseWidth_][t_] := Module[{x1, x2, x3}, x1 =
  (N[#, 40] &)[Table[{t1, Integrate[h[t1 - \tau], {\tau, -T/2, T/2}], {t1, -PulseWidth/2, PulseWidth/2, T/20}}]];
  x2 = Interpolation[x1]; x2[t]
Plot[h[t T], {t, -5, 5}, PlotRange -> All]
```

- Graphics -

In this section we define  $\phi_{L,t}$ , the phase modulation function with a pulse width of length  $L$  at time  $t$

$$\text{ModulationIndex} := \frac{1}{2}$$

We use the definitions in the paper

```
\[Phi] := N[ModulationIndex \pi]

C := Cos[\[Phi];
S := Sin[\[Phi];
J := (e^J \[Phi] // Chop);
M := 2^L - 1;

Clear[PhaseAngle]

PhaseAngle[L_][t_] /; t <= 0 := 0
PhaseAngle[L_][t_] /; t >= L T := \[Phi]
```

```

PhaseAngle[L_][t_] :=
  PhaseAngle[L][t_] = Module[{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6}, x1 = hfi1[3 L T][t1 -  $\frac{L T}{2}$ ];
  x2 = Table[{t2,  $\int_{-L T}^{t2}$  Evaluate[x1] dt1}, {t2, 0, L T,  $\frac{T}{100}$ ]]; Interpolation[x2][t]

RuleDelayed::rhs : Pattern t_ appears on the right-hand side of
rule  $\phi_{L,t_} \rightarrow (\phi_{L,t_} = \text{Module}[\{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6\}, x1 = hfi1[3 L T][t1 - \frac{L T}{2}];$ 
  x2 = Table[<<1>>]; Interpolation[x2][t]]).

```

When running the notebook we fix the value of L here and the rest of the graphs and functions use this value

```

L := 8;
PhaseFunction[t_] =  $\phi_{L,t}$ ;
phasepoints = Table[{t, PhaseFunction[t T]} // N, {t, 0, L, 1/40}];
ListPlot[phasepoints, PlotJoined -> True]

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-3.68196 \times 10^{-7}$ .

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-7.4914 \times 10^{-7}$ .

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-5.43232 \times 10^{-7}$ .

General::stop :
Further output of NIntegrate::ncvb will be suppressed during this calculation.

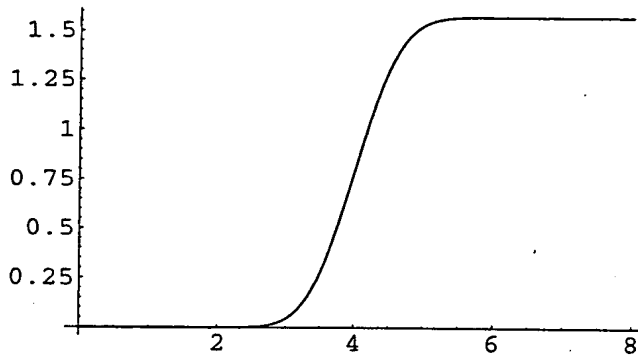
NIntegrate::slwcon : Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect singularity, value
of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.

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of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.

General::stop :
Further output of NIntegrate::slwcon will be suppressed during this calculation.

```



- Graphics -

We can define an phase modulated signal to be

$$S_t = E^I \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n \phi_{L-t-nT}$$

As can be seen from the graph  $\phi_t$  is 0 for most of the time and is nearly  $\Phi$  after  $LT$ . We denote by  $\phi_{L,t}$  the pulse that is set to these values

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i.e } \phi_{L,t} &= 0 \quad t < 0; \\ \phi_{L,t} &= \Phi \quad t \geq LT; \\ \phi_{L,t} &= \phi_t \quad \text{Otherwise} \end{aligned}$$

$$S_t = E^I \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n \phi_{L-t-nT}$$

We now consider  $t = NT + \tau$  where  $0 \leq \tau < T$

$$S_t = E^I \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n \phi_{L,NT+\tau-nT}$$

$$S_t = E^I \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a_n \phi_{L,\tau+(N-n)T}$$

Making use of the fact that  $\phi_{L,t} = 0 \quad t < 0$ ;



$$S_t = E^{j \sum_{n=-\infty}^N \alpha_n \phi_{L, \tau + (N-n)T}}$$

$$S_t = E^{j \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \phi_{L, \tau + (N-n)T}} E^{j \sum_{n=N-L+1}^N \alpha_n \phi_{L, \tau + (N-n)T}}$$

Making use of  $\phi_{L, t} = \Phi$   $t \geq L T$  we get

$$S_t = E^{j \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \Phi} E^{j \sum_{n=N-L+1}^N \alpha_n \phi_{L, \tau + (N-n)T}}$$

And using the notation for  $J := e^{j \Phi}$

$$S_t = J^{\sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n} E^{j \sum_{n=N-L+1}^N \alpha_n \phi_{L, \tau + (N-n)T}}$$

Making the substitution  $n = N - i$

$$S_t = J^{\sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n} E^{j \sum_{i=0}^{L-1} \alpha_{N-i} \phi_{L, \tau + iT}}$$

Express this as

$$S_t = J^{\sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n} \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} (E^{j \alpha_{N-i} \phi_{L, \tau + iT}})$$

Since we have

$$\left( \frac{\sin[A - B]}{\sin[A]} + e^{-jA} \frac{\sin[B]}{\sin[A]} \right) / \sin[x] \rightarrow \frac{(e^{jx} - e^{-jx})}{2j} \Bigg) // \text{Simplify}$$

$E^{-jB}$

And

$$\left( \frac{\sin[A - B]}{\sin[A]} + e^{jA} \frac{\sin[B]}{\sin[A]} \right) /. \sin[x_] \rightarrow \frac{(e^{jx} - e^{-jx})}{2j} // \text{Simplify}$$

E<sup>1</sup>B

We can make the following substitutions  $S := \sin[\Phi]$

$$S_t = J \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} \left( \frac{\sin[\Phi - \phi_{L,\tau+iT}]}{S} + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \frac{\sin[\phi_{L,\tau+iT}]}{S} \right)$$

We can make the substitution

$$\psi[L_, t_] /; 0 < t < LT := \phi_{L,t}$$

$$\psi[L_, t_] /; 2LT > t \geq LT := \pi - \phi_{L,t-LT}$$

We need to put this to avoid the function being extrapolated

$$\psi[L_, t_] /; ! (0 < t < LT) \&\& ! (2LT > t \geq LT) := 0$$

Clear[tom, x1]

tom = {x1[t\_] =  $\psi[L, tT]$ ; Table[{t, x1[t]} // N, {t, 0, 2L, 1/40}}];  
ListPlot[tom, PlotJoined -> True]

Now define

Clear[LaurentS]

LaurentS[L\_][n\_][t\_] :=  $\sin[\psi[L, t + nT]] / S$

Plot[LaurentS[L][2][tT], {t, -2, 10}]

- Graphics -

$$S_t = J \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} \left( \frac{\sin[\Phi - \phi_{L,\tau+iT}]}{S} + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \frac{\sin[\phi_{L,\tau+iT}]}{S} \right)$$

$$S_t = J \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} \left( \frac{\sin[\psi_{\tau+iT+LT}]}{S} + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \frac{\sin[\psi_{\tau+iT}]}{S} \right)$$

$$S_t = J \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} \left( \frac{\sin[\psi_{t-NT+iT+LT}]}{S} + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \frac{\sin[\psi_{t-NT+iT}]}{S} \right)$$

$$S_t = J \sum_{n=-\infty}^{N-L} \alpha_n \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} ( \text{LaurentS}[i + L - N][t] + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \text{LaurentS}[i - N][t] )$$

We try to get an insight into  $\prod_{i=0}^{L-1} ( \text{LaurentS}[i + L - N][t] + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} \text{LaurentS}[i - N][t] )$

To this end we try defining

$$\text{Temp}[L_, N_][t_] := \prod_{i=0}^{L-1} (S[i + L - N][t] + J^{\alpha_{N-i}} S[i - N][t])$$

```
(Temp[4, 0][t] // Expand // Chop) /. Complex[0, 1.] -> Complex[0, 1]
```

```
Ia-3+a-2+a-1+a0 S[0][t] S[1][t] S[2][t] S[3][t] + Ia-3+a-2+a-1 S[1][t] S[2][t] S[3][t] S[4][t] +
Ia-3+a-2+a0 S[0][t] S[2][t] S[3][t] S[5][t] + Ia-3+a-2 S[2][t] S[3][t] S[4][t] S[5][t] +
Ia-3+a-1+a0 S[0][t] S[1][t] S[3][t] S[6][t] + Ia-3+a-1 S[1][t] S[3][t] S[4][t] S[6][t] +
Ia-3+a0 S[0][t] S[3][t] S[5][t] S[6][t] + Ia-3 S[3][t] S[4][t] S[5][t] S[6][t] +
Ia-2+a-1+a0 S[0][t] S[1][t] S[2][t] S[7][t] + Ia-2+a-1 S[1][t] S[2][t] S[4][t] S[7][t] +
Ia-2+a0 S[0][t] S[2][t] S[5][t] S[7][t] + Ia-2 S[2][t] S[4][t] S[5][t] S[7][t] +
Ia-1+a0 S[0][t] S[1][t] S[6][t] S[7][t] + Ia-1 S[1][t] S[4][t] S[6][t] S[7][t] +
Ia0 S[0][t] S[5][t] S[6][t] S[7][t] + S[4][t] S[5][t] S[6][t] S[7][t]
```

In the next section we define the

```
Notation[αLL,K,ii ⇔ AlphaKI[LL_][K_, ii_]]
```

```
Clear[AlphaKI]
```

```
AlphaKI[LL_][K_, i_] /; 0 < i < LL && 0 ≤ K < 2LL-1 :=
```

```
Module[{x1, x2, x3, KNum}, x1 := (x2 = Mod[KNum, 2]; KNum =  $\frac{KNum - x2}{2}$ ; x2);
KNum = K; x3 = Table[x1, {ii, 0, LL - 1}]; x3[[i]]]
```

Check the function.

```
Sum[2(ii - 1) AlphaKI[6][13, ii], {ii, 1, 6 - 1}]
```

```
13
```

We can now define the LaurentC functions.

```
Clear[LaurentC]
```

```
General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol name "LaurentC" is similar
to existing symbol "Laurents".
```

```
LaurentC[L_][K_][t_] /; 0 ≤ K < 2L :=
```

```
Laurents[L][0][t]  $\prod_{ii=1}^{L-1}$  Laurents[L][ii + L AlphaKI[L][K, ii]][t]
```

LaurentLK gives the support of the C functions

```
LaurentLK[L_][K_] :=
```

```
Module[{x1}, x1 = Table[L (2 - AlphaKI[L][K, ii]) - ii, {ii, 1, L - 1}]; Min[x1]]
```

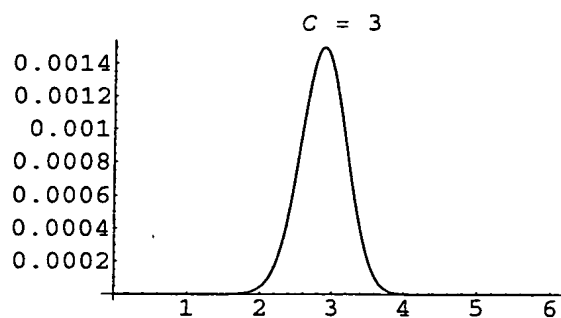
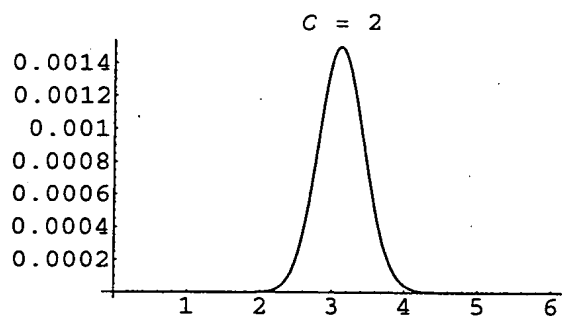
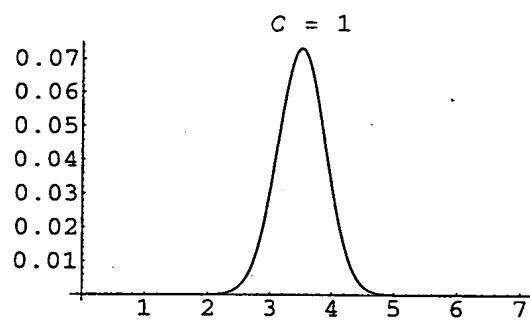
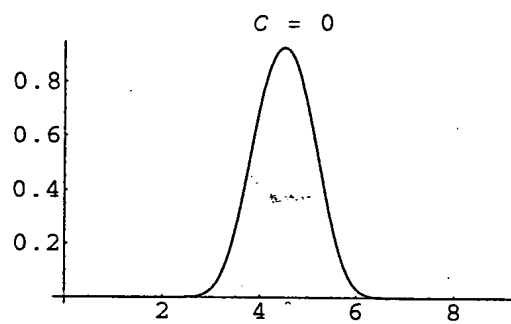
```
Table[LaurentLK[L][ii], {ii, 0, 2L-1 - 1}]
```

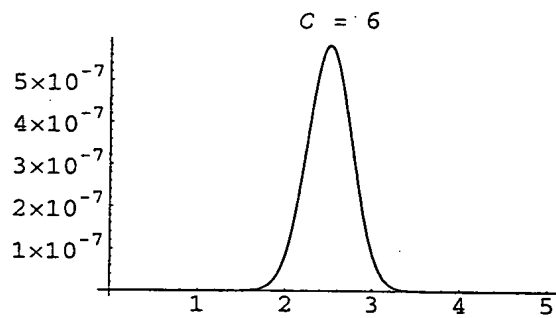
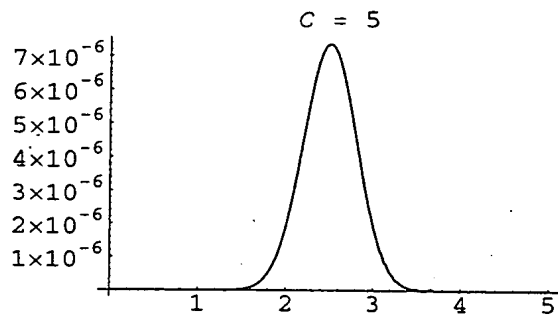
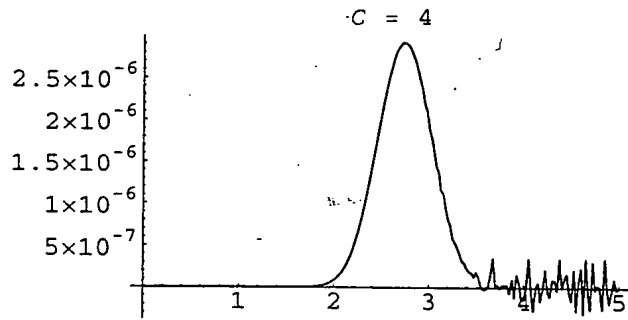
```
{9, 7, 6, 6, 5, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,
3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}
```

```
CFunctionPlot[K_] := Module[{x1, x2}, x1[t_] = LaurentC[L][K][t];
x2 = Table[{t, x1[t]}, {t, 0, LaurentLK[L][K], 1/40}]; ListPlot[x2,
PlotJoined -> True, PlotLabel -> StringJoin["\n\n C = ", ToString[ii]],
FormatType -> StandardForm, PlotRange -> All]]
```

Plot at most the first 7 C functions

```
Table[CFunctionPlot[ii], {ii, 0, Min[6, 2L-1 - 1]}]
```





{ - Graphics - , - Graphics - , - Graphics - , - Graphics - , - Graphics - , - Graphics - ,  
- Graphics - }

In this section we define the modulating function. We intend to build the modulator from first principles.

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} J^{A_{k,n}} C_K [t - nT]$$

Change the order of summation

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} J^{A_{k,n}} C_K [t - nT]$$

Given that we are interested at  $t = NT + \tau$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} J^{A_{k,n}} C_K [\tau + (N - n)T]$$

Change variable  $n \rightarrow n' + N$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n'=-\infty}^{\infty} J^{A_{k,n'+N}} C_K [\tau - n'T]$$

Notice that the support of  $C_K$  is positive only.

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n'=-\infty}^0 J^{A_{k,n'+N}} C_K [\tau - n'T]$$

Using LaurentLK as

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n'=-\text{LaurentLK}[L][K]+1}^0 J^{A_{k,n'+N}} C_K [\tau - n'T]$$

Changing the sign of n

$$\sum_{k=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\text{LaurentLK}[L][K]-1} J^{A_{k,n-N}} C_K [\tau + nT]$$

Let the value of  $A_{0,0}$  be specified.

Then we can calculate the value of  $A_{0,-1}, A_{0,-2}, A_{0,-3}$  using the following algorithm

$$A_{0,n-1} = A_{0,n} - \alpha_n$$

```

BitSeq = Table[1, {i, 1, 20}]

{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}

ANKInitialStateSetUp[L_][K_][InitBitSeq_, AccumulatedPhase_] :=
Module[{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, acuphase, initbitseq},
initbitseq = InitBitSeq;
acuphase = AccumulatedPhase;
UpdateSeq :=
Module[{}, x1 = acuphase - Sum[initbitseq[[i]] AlphaKI[L][K, i], {i, 1, L - 1}];
acuphase = acuphase - First[initbitseq]; initbitseq = Rest[initbitseq]; x1];
Table[UpdateSeq, {i, 1, LaurentLK[L][K]}]]

```

With the BitSeq we have we expect a decreasing sequence starting at 0.

```

ANKInitialStateSetUp[L][0][BitSeq, 0]

{0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8}

TestInit = Table[1, {i, 1, L}]

{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}

AKN[L_][K_][{State_, AccumulatedPhase_}] :=
AccumulatedPhase - Sum[State[[i + 1]] AlphaKI[L][K, i], {i, 1, L - 1}]

Options[Modulator] := {StartingQuadrant → 0, InitialState → Table[1, {i, 1, 20}],
SamplingInterval → T/32, NumberOfCurves → 4, ModulatingPulse → LaurentC}

BitSeq = Table[1, {i, 1, 20}]

{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}

Modulator[L_][BitSeq_, Opts_] :=
Module[
{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, state, AccumulatedPhase, seq, AKNState, Curves, Pulse},
x1 = SamplingInterval /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
state = InitialState /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
x3 = StartingQuadrant /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
x4 = SamplingInterval /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
Pulse = ModulatingPulse /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
Curves = (NumberOfCurves /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator]) - 1;
AccumulatedPhase = x3 - BitSeq[[1]];
seq = BitSeq;
Table[AKNState[K] =
ANKInitialStateSetUp[L][K][state, AccumulatedPhase], {K, 0, Curves}];
x5 := Module[{}, state = Join[{First[seq]}, Drop[state, -1]];
AccumulatedPhase = AccumulatedPhase + First[seq];
seq = Rest[seq];
Table[AKNState[K] = Join[{AKN[L][K][{state, AccumulatedPhase}],
Drop[AKNState[K], -1]}, {K, 0, Curves}];
x6[t_] = Sum[Sum[(J) AKNState[K][[i + 1]] Pulse[L][K][t + i T],
{i, 0, LaurentLK[L][K] - 1}], {K, 0, Curves}];
Table[x6[t], {t, 0, T - x4, x4}];
Table[x5, {kk, 1, Length[BitSeq]}] // Flatten]

General::spell1 :
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "state" is similar to existing symbol "State".

General::spell1 : Possible spelling error: new symbol name "AccumulatedPhase" is
similar to existing symbol "AccumulatedPhase".

```

```

RandomBitSeq = Table[Random[Integer, {0, 1}], {i, 1, 40}] // Map[# (-2) + 1 &, #] &
{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1,
 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1}

Modulator[L][BitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10];

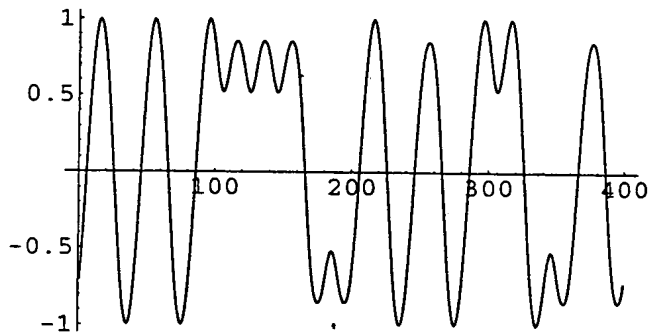
Modulator[L][BitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 8];

Modulator[L][BitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 1];

tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 2];

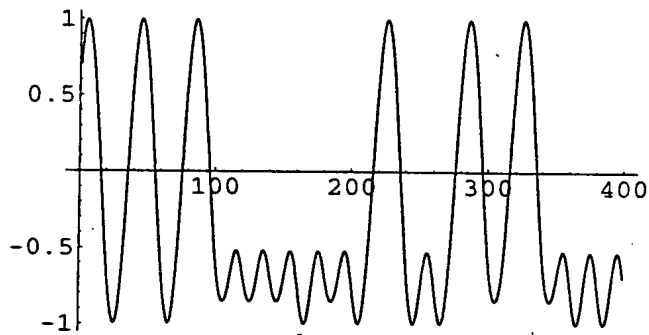
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]

```



- Graphics -

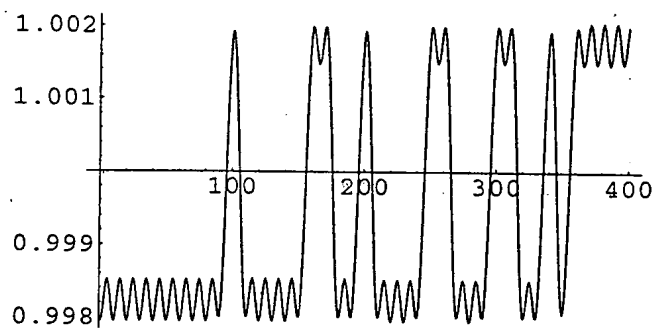
```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



- Graphics -

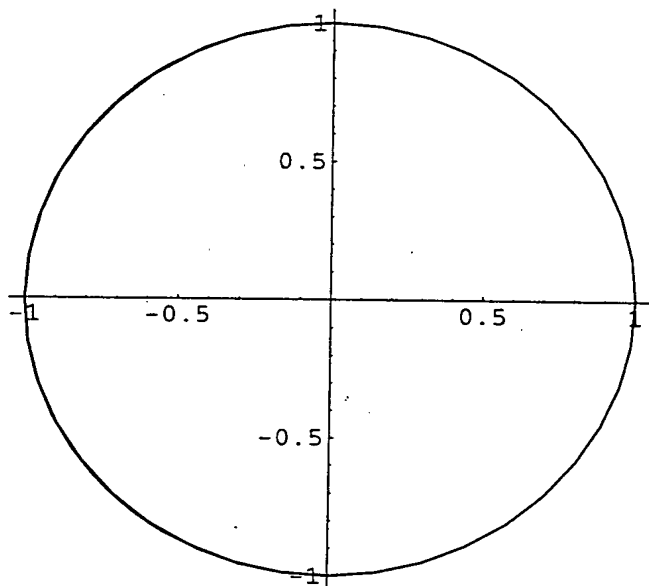


```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



- Graphics -

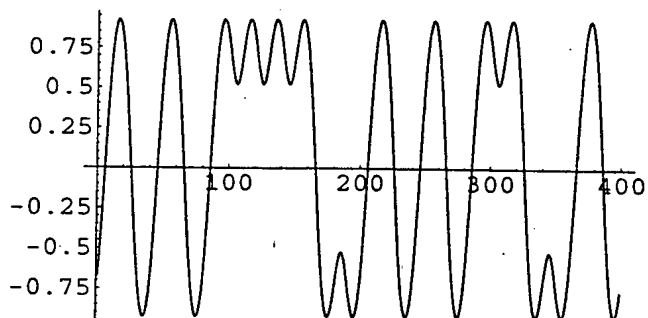
```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```



- Graphics -

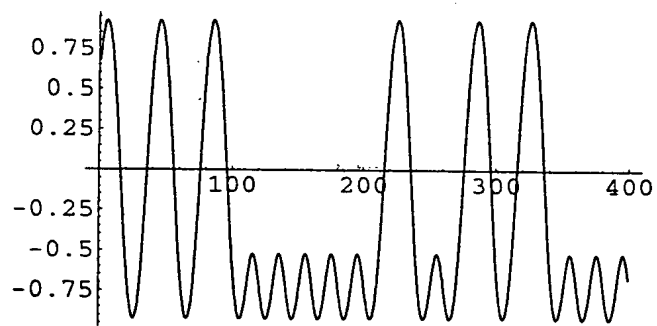
```
tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 1];
```

```
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



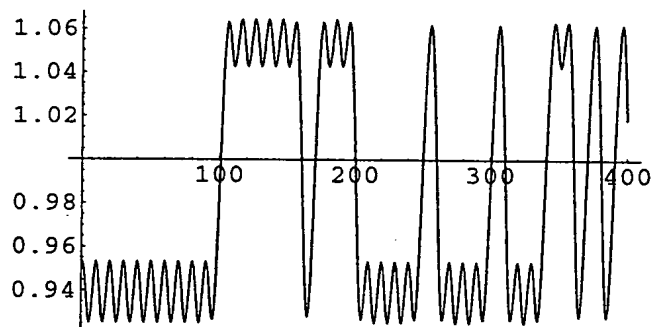
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



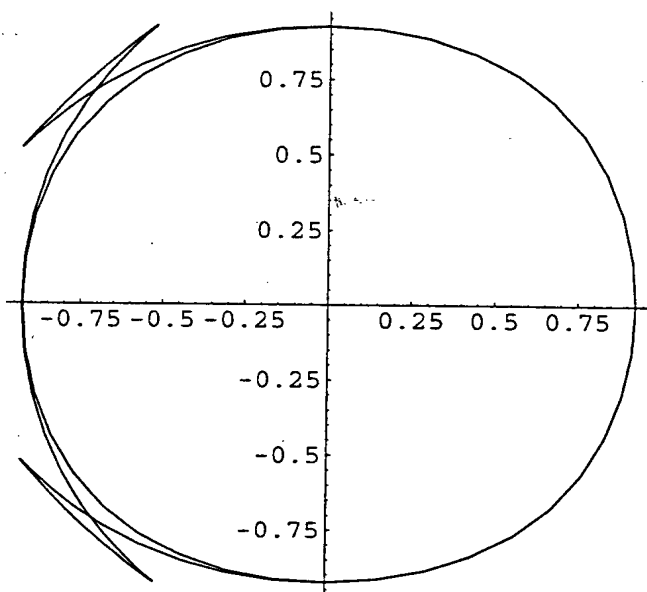
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



- Graphics -

```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```



- Graphics -

Calculating the bandwidth of the signal

```
x11 = Table[LaurentC[L][0][t T], {t, 0, L + 1 - 1/200, 1/200}];  
((Drop[x11, -1] - Drop[x11, 1]) 200)^2 / 200 // Apply[Plus, #]&  
1.29684
```

Here the pulse 6T is just stretched to 8T to see the performance

```

PhaseFunction[t_] =  $\phi_{6,t}$ ;
phasepoints = Table[{t, PhaseFunction[t T]} // N, {t, 0, 6, 1/40}];
ListPlot[phasepoints, PlotJoined -> True]

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-1.91796 \times 10^{-7}$ .

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-5.52869 \times 10^{-7}$ .

NIntegrate::slwcon : Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect singularity, value
of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.

NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 =  $-1.96696 \times 10^{-7}$ .

General::stop :
Further output of NIntegrate::ncvb will be suppressed during this calculation.

NIntegrate::slwcon : Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect singularity, value
of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.

NIntegrate::slwcon : Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect singularity, value
of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.

General::stop :
Further output of NIntegrate::slwcon will be suppressed during this calculation.

```

- Graphics -

```
TestPulse[8][0][t_] = LaurentC[6][0][t 7/9]
```

$$1. \sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{3}{812500} + \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right] \sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{3}{406250} + \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right] \sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{9}{812500} + \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right]$$

$$\sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{3}{203125} + \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right] \sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{3}{162500} + \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right] \sin\left[\psi\left[6, \frac{7t}{9}\right]\right]$$

```
Plot[TestPulse[8][0][t], {t, 0, 9 T}, PlotRange -> All]
```

- Graphics -

```
RandomBitSeq = Table[Random[Integer, {0, 1}], {i, 1, 100}] // Map[# (-2) + 1&, #]&
{1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1,
-1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1,
1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, -1, 1, -1,
1, 1, 1, -1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, -1}
```

```
tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 1,
ModulatingPulse -> TestPulse];
```

```
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

```
- Graphics -
```

```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```

```
- Graphics -
```

In this section we consider filtering the pulse

```
Needs["bessel`"]
```

```
fil = BesselFilter[8][LowPass3dB[1/T 2 Pi 0.3]][FrequencyResponse][s];
```

```
Plot[20 Log[10, Evaluate[(fil /. s -> 2 Pi I f/T) // Abs]], {f, 0, 2},  
GridLines -> Automatic, AxesLabel -> {"1/T", "dB"}]
```

```
- Graphics -
```

```
Res[t_] = InverseLaplaceTransform[fil, s, t]
```

```
2027025 ((9.36812 + 0. I) E-897172. t Cos[139301. t] -  
(13.7944 + 0. I) E-835672. t Cos[420044. t] + (4.73111 + 0. I) E-701358. t Cos[708768. t] -  
(0.304883 + 0. I) E-455818. t Cos[1.02016 × 106 t] +  
(29.1264 + 0. I) E-897172. t Sin[139301. t] -  
(9.89398 + 0. I) E-835672. t Sin[420044. t] - (0.321205 + 0. I) E-701358. t Sin[708768. t] +  
(0.375154 + 0. I) E-455818. t Sin[1.02016 × 106 t])
```

```
Plot[Res[t T], {t, 0, 6}, PlotRange -> All]
```

```
- Graphics -
```

```
filTaps = Table[Res[t T], {t, 0, 6, 1/20}] // Chop;
```

We estimate the group delay to be 1.8T

```
Length[filTaps]
```

```
121
```

```
pulse = Table[LaurentC[8][0][t T], {t, 0, 9, 1/20}];
```

```
General::spell1 :
```

```
Possible spelling error: new symbol name "pulse" is similar to existing symbol "Pulse".
```

```
pulse2 = Table[LaurentC[8][1][t T], {t, 0, 7, 1/20}];
```

```
Needs["Convolve`"]
```

```
FilteredPulse = T/20 MapConvolve[pulse, filTaps] // Take[#, {34, Length[#]}]&
```

```
{1.73731×10-15, 5.35887×10-15, 1.60413×10-14, 4.66278×10-14, 1.31688×10-13,  
3.61578×10-13, 9.65729×10-13, 2.51044×10-12, 6.35507×10-12, 1.56747×10-11,  
3.76889×10-11, 8.83867×10-11, 2.02275×10-10, 4.51958×10-10, 9.86455×10-10,  
2.10426×10-9, 4.38922×10-9, 8.95697×10-9, 1.78914×10-8, 3.4999×10-8, 6.70842×10-8,  
1.26054×10-7, 2.32319×10-7, 4.20166×10-7, 7.46062×10-7, 1.30124×10-6,  
2.23035×10-6, 3.75853×10-6, 6.23×10-6, 0.0000101618, 0.0000163174, 0.0000258049,  
0.0000402068, 0.000061746, 0.000093496, 0.00013964, 0.000205786, 0.000299337,  
0.000429924, 0.000609895, 0.000854853, 0.00118424, 0.00162196, 0.00219697,  
0.0029439, 0.00390362, 0.00512368, 0.00665873, 0.00857068, 0.0109288, 0.0138093,  
0.0172954, 0.021476, 0.0264451, 0.0323001, 0.0391407, 0.0470666, 0.0561754,  
0.0665603, 0.0783079, 0.0914948, 0.106186, 0.12243, 0.140261, 0.159691, 0.180711,  
0.20329, 0.22737, 0.25287, 0.279682, 0.307673, 0.336686, 0.366539, 0.397029,  
0.427934, 0.459013, 0.490013, 0.520668, 0.550708, 0.579856, 0.607837, 0.634379,  
0.65922, 0.682107, 0.702805, 0.721098, 0.73679, 0.749713, 0.759727, 0.76672,  
0.770616, 0.771369, 0.768969, 0.763442, 0.754846, 0.743274, 0.728852, 0.711736,  
0.692108, 0.670178, 0.646176, 0.62035, 0.592964, 0.56429, 0.534607, 0.504193,  
0.473326, 0.442277, 0.411305, 0.380656, 0.350558, 0.321221, 0.29283, 0.26555,  
0.239519, 0.214852, 0.191636, 0.169936, 0.149791, 0.13122, 0.114217, 0.0987613,  
0.0848118, 0.0723143, 0.0612016, 0.0513967, 0.0428146, 0.035365, 0.0289542,  
0.023487, 0.0188687, 0.0150065, 0.0118109, 0.00919671, 0.00708412, 0.0053992,  
0.00407439, 0.00304877, 0.00226811, 0.0016848, 0.00125761, 0.000951417, 0.000736739,  
0.000589309, 0.000489543, 0.000422011, 0.000374899, 0.000339478, 0.0003096,  
0.000281223, 0.000251974, 0.000220764, 0.000187441, 0.000152497, 0.000116824,  
0.0000815146, 0.0000477044, 0.0000164566, -0.0000113198, -0.0000349206,  
-0.0000538729, -0.0000679391, -0.0000771062, -0.0000815622, -0.0000816651,  
-0.0000779073, -0.000070877, -0.000061222, -0.0000496142, -0.0000367186,  
-0.0000231668, -9.53584×10-6, 3.66817×10-6, 0.0000160205, 0.0000271838,  
0.0000369093, 0.0000450345, 0.0000514769, 0.0000562268, 0.0000593363, 0.000060909,  
0.0000610882, 0.0000600456, 0.0000579702, 0.0000550589, 0.0000515076, 0.0000475036,  
0.0000432203, 0.000038813, 0.0000344153, 0.0000301387, 0.0000260716,  
0.0000222801, 0.0000188096, 0.000015687, 0.0000129228, 0.000010514,  
8.4469×10-6, 6.69967×10-6, 5.24481×10-6, 4.05145×10-6, 3.08723×10-6,  
2.3199×10-6, 1.71859×10-6, 1.25466×10-6, 9.0236×10-7, 6.39109×10-7,  
4.45602×10-7, 3.05722×10-7, 2.06318×10-7, 1.36898×10-7, 8.92721×10-8,  
5.71866×10-8, 3.59686×10-8, 2.22017×10-8, 1.34418×10-8, 7.97812×10-9,  
4.63953×10-9, 2.64191×10-9, 1.4722×10-9, 8.02333×10-10, 4.27388×10-10,  
2.2234×10-10, 1.12886×10-10, 5.59276×10-11, 2.70717×10-11, 1.28211×10-11,  
5.92683×10-12, 2.65259×10-12, 1.14156×10-12, 4.73562×10-13, 1.94329×10-13,  
7.95416×10-14, 3.14517×10-14, 1.23089×10-14, 4.73302×10-15, 1.66595×10-15,  
4.65283×10-16, 1.93314×10-16, 9.87738×10-17, 2.31472×10-18, -1.50823×10-17,  
-1.01228×10-17, -6.49877×10-18, -2.08455×10-18, 1.80177×10-19, 1.70062×10-19,  
1.9917×10-19, -1.14008×10-19, -1.66045×10-20, 3.7877×10-21, 1.47752×10-21,  
1.94753×10-21, 3.72298×10-22, 2.02535×10-22, 1.36007×10-22, 6.72514×10-24,  
7.07296×10-23, 6.84862×10-23, 3.68916×10-23, 2.6013×10-24, -1.51251×10-24,  
-5.51867×10-25, 7.52915×10-26, 5.81584×10-25, 1.75371×10-25, 1.22392×10-26, 0}
```

```
FilteredPulse2 = T/20 MapConvolve[pulse2, filTaps] // Take[#, {50, Length[#]}]&
```

```
{1.27972×10-7, 2.18306×10-7, 3.66972×10-7, 6.0806×10-7, 9.93427×10-7, 1.60076×10-6,
2.54471×10-6, 3.99199×10-6, 6.18149×10-6, 9.45059×10-6, 0.0000142688, 0.0000212804,
0.0000313562, 0.0000456572, 0.0000657079, 0.0000934812, 0.000131493, 0.000182902,
0.000251616, 0.000342391, 0.000460925, 0.000613932, 0.000809185, 0.00105553,
0.00136282, 0.00174186, 0.00220418, 0.00276183, 0.00342705, 0.00421186, 0.00512763,
0.00618453, 0.00739101, 0.00875319, 0.0102744, 0.0119544, 0.0137895, 0.0157714,
0.0178876, 0.0201213, 0.0224509, 0.024851, 0.0272921, 0.0297419, 0.0321652,
0.0345256, 0.0367857, 0.0389085, 0.0408581, 0.0426011, 0.044107, 0.0453496,
0.0463073, 0.0469636, 0.0473081, 0.0473359, 0.0470483, 0.0464525, 0.0455611,
0.0443919, 0.0429671, 0.0413131, 0.039459, 0.0374364, 0.0352785, 0.0330189,
0.0306913, 0.0283283, 0.0259611, 0.0236189, 0.021328, 0.019112, 0.0169912,
0.0149823, 0.0130987, 0.0113504, 0.0097438, 0.00828249, 0.00696697, 0.00579518,
0.00476282, 0.00386365, 0.0030899, 0.00243259, 0.00188191, 0.00142752, 0.00105885,
0.000765388, 0.000536896, 0.000363597, 0.000236336, 0.000146695, 0.0000870728,
0.0000507313, 0.0000318118, 0.0000253258, 0.0000271231, 0.0000338422, 0.0000428466,
0.0000521516, 0.0000603451, 0.0000665053, 0.0000701193, 0.0000710042, 0.0000692325,
0.0000650647, 0.0000588885, 0.0000511665, 0.0000423925, 0.0000330554, 0.0000236122,
0.0000144671, 5.95924×10-6, -1.64542×10-6, -8.15591×10-6, -0.0000134543,
-0.0000174907, -0.0000202751, -0.0000218687, -0.0000223734, -0.0000219217,
-0.000020666, -0.0000187698, -0.0000163988, -0.0000137138, -0.0000108643,
-7.98457×10-6, -5.18972×10-6, -2.57416×10-6, -2.1065×10-7, 1.84943×10-6,
3.57494×10-6, 4.95319×10-6, 5.98756×10-6, 6.69487×10-6, 7.10243×10-6,
7.24522×10-6, 7.16306×10-6, 6.89804×10-6, 6.49223×10-6, 5.98586×10-6,
5.41573×10-6, 4.81423×10-6, 4.20863×10-6, 3.6208×10-6, 3.06728×10-6, 2.55958×10-6,
2.10471×10-6, 1.70583×10-6, 1.36297×10-6, 1.07376×10-6, 8.34162×10-7, 6.3908×10-7,
4.82884×10-7, 3.59854×10-7, 2.64486×10-7, 1.91715×10-7, 1.37044×10-7,
9.65984×10-8, 6.71324×10-8, 4.59913×10-8, 3.10539×10-8, 2.06612×10-8, 1.3542×10-8,
8.74155×10-9, 5.55593×10-9, 3.47564×10-9, 2.13956×10-9, 1.29613×10-9,
7.73129×10-10, 4.54101×10-10, 2.62031×10-10, 1.47888×10-10, 8.15113×10-11,
4.40884×10-11, 2.37341×10-11, 1.26865×10-11, 6.58958×10-12, 3.34992×10-12,
1.6239×10-12, 7.01037×10-13, 2.33036×10-13, 7.75051×10-14, -3.22249×10-15,
-8.12875×10-14, -7.89371×10-14, -5.29088×10-14, -3.14297×10-14, -8.21475×10-15,
4.12557×10-15, 1.9906×10-15, 1.82068×10-15, -4.36969×10-15, 4.67143×10-16,
7.65162×10-16, 5.67707×10-16, 4.93342×10-16, 7.52562×10-17, 7.75606×10-17,
4.50401×10-17, -2.18469×10-17, 1.39012×10-16, 1.92164×10-16, 6.31946×10-17,
-6.72328×10-18, 1.24704×10-17, 1.42063×10-17, 7.33335×10-18, 1.13717×10-19,
3.90929×10-19, 1.30285×10-19, 0}
```

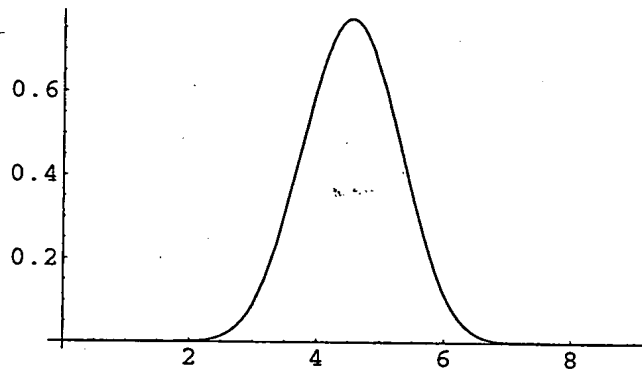
```
FiltPulse[8][0] = {(Table[t T, {t, 0, 20, 1/20}] // N) //
Take[#, Length[FilteredPulse]]&, FilteredPulse} // Transpose //
Interpolation

InterpolatingFunction[{{0, 0.0000492923}}, <>]

FiltPulse[8][1] = {(Table[t T, {t, 0, 20, 1/20}] // N) //
Take[#, Length[FilteredPulse2]]&, FilteredPulse2} // Transpose //
Interpolation

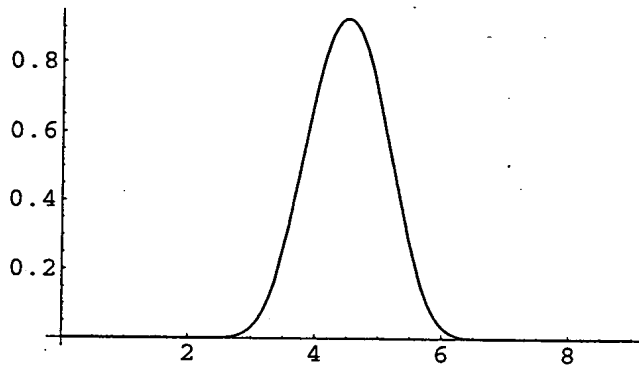
InterpolatingFunction[{{0, 0.0000389538}}, <>]
```

```
Plot[FiltPulse[8][0][t T], {t, 0, 9}, PlotRange -> All]
```



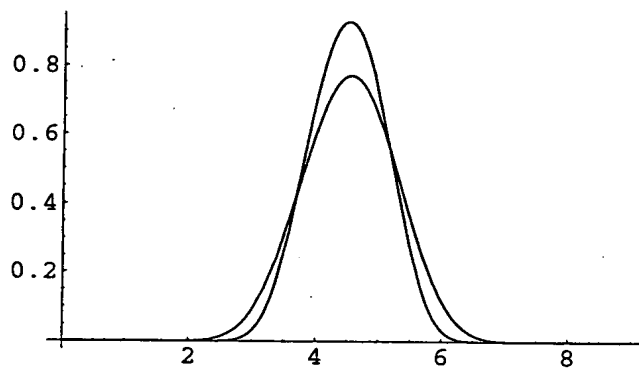
- Graphics -

```
Plot[LaurentC[8][0][t T], {t, 0, 9}, PlotRange -> All]
```



- Graphics -

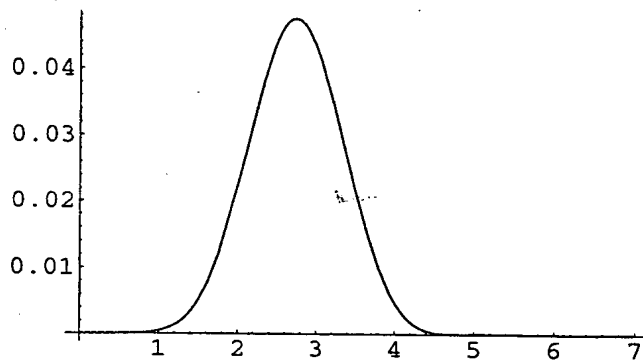
```
Show[%, %]
```



- Graphics -

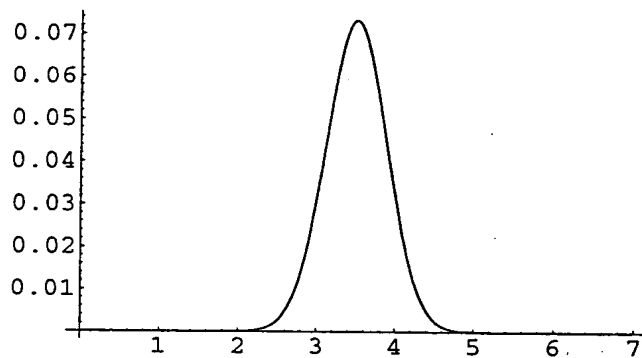


```
Plot[FiltPulse[8][1][t T], {t, 0, 7}, PlotRange -> All]
```



- Graphics -

```
Plot[LaurentC[8][1][t T], {t, 0, 7}, PlotRange -> All]
```



- Graphics -

```
BandWidth[TestPulse_, Supp_] :=  
Module[{x11}, x11 = Table[TestPulse[t T], {t, 0, Supp - 1/200, 1/200}];  
((Drop[x11, -1] - Drop[x11, 1]) 200)^2 / 200 // Apply[Plus, #]&]
```

```
BandWidth[FiltPulse[8][0], 9]
```

```
0.711659
```

```
BandWidth[LaurentC[8][0], 9]
```

```
1.29684
```

```
BandWidth[FiltPulse[8][1], 7]
```

```
0.00338446
```

```
tom = Modulator[L][Table[1, {i, 1, 100}], SamplingInterval -> T/10,  
  NumberOfCurves -> 2, ModulatingPulse -> FiltPulse];
```

```
tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 2,  
  ModulatingPulse -> FiltPulse];
```

```
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

- Graphics -

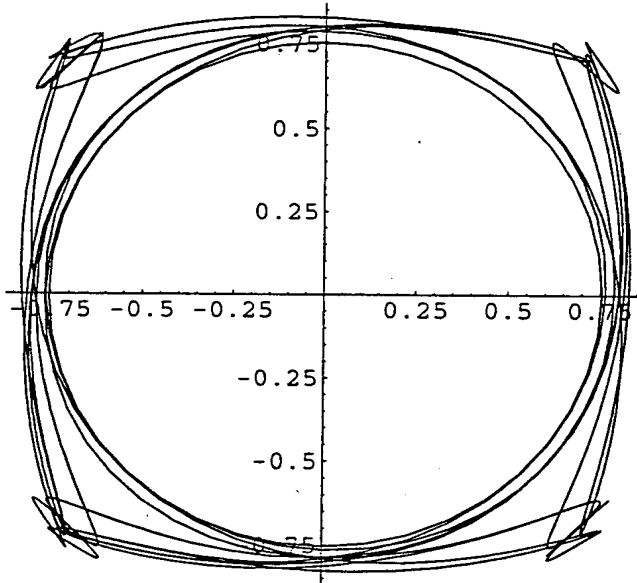
```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```

- Graphics -

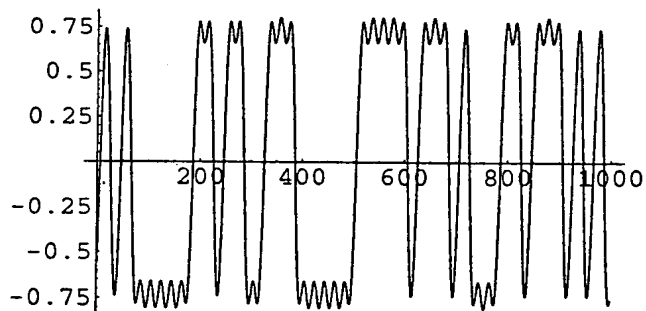
```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```



- Graphics -

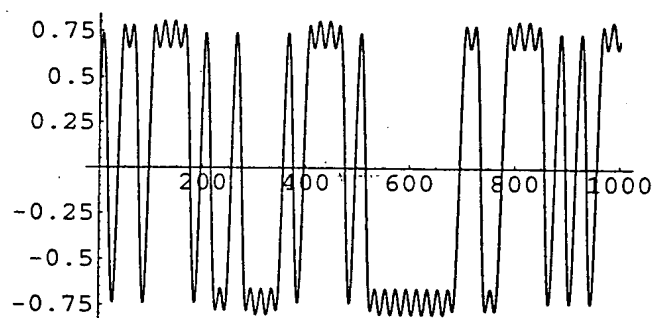
```
tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/10, NumberOfCurves -> 1,  
  ModulatingPulse -> FiltPulse];
```

```
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



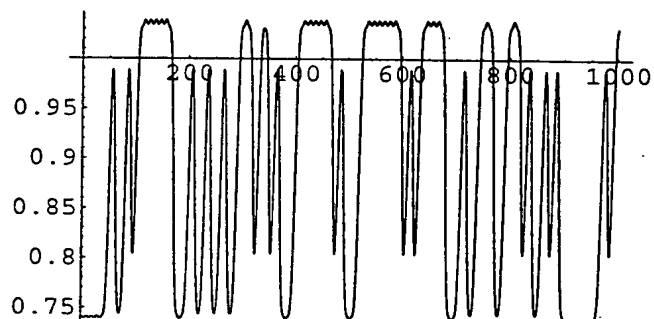
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



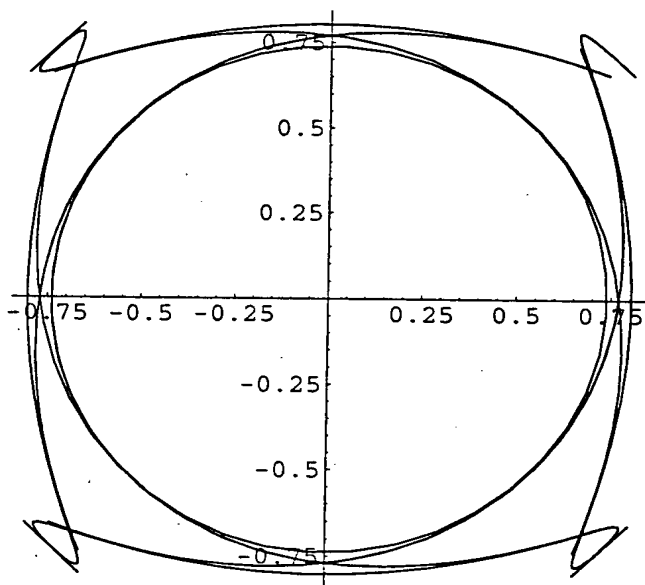
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



- Graphics -

```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```



- Graphics -

```
x11 = Table[TestPulse[6][0][t T], {t, 0, 7 - 1/200, 1/200}];
```

```
((Drop[x11, -1] - Drop[x11, 1]) 200)^2 / 200 // Apply[Plus, #]&
0.92632
```

```
TestPulse[6][0][t_] = LaurentC[4][0][t 5/7]
```

```
1. Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{3}{812500} + \frac{5t}{7}$ ]] Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{3}{406250} + \frac{5t}{7}$ ]] Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{9}{812500} + \frac{5t}{7}$ ]]
Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{5t}{7}$ ]]
```

```
L := 5;
PhaseFunction[t_] = φL,t;
phasepoints = Table[{t, PhaseFunction[t T]} // N, {t, 0, L, 1/40}];
ListPlot[phasepoints, PlotJoined -> True]
```

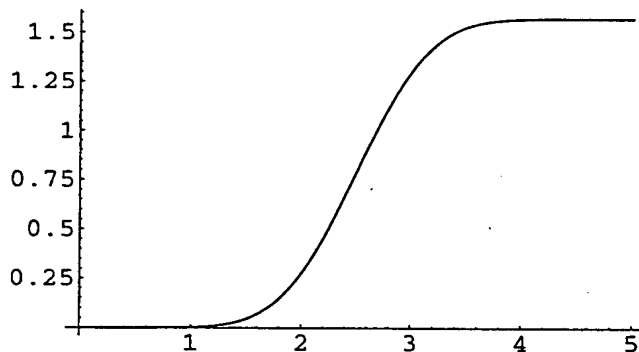
```
NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 = -1.48053×10-6.
```

```
NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 = -1.12255×10-6.
```

```
NIntegrate::ncvb : NIntegrate failed to converge to prescribed accuracy after 7
recursive bisections in t1 near t1 = -1.08808×10-6.
```

```
General::stop :
Further output of NIntegrate::ncvb will be suppressed during this calculation.
```

```
NIntegrate::slwcon : Numerical integration converging too slowly; suspect singularity, value
of the integration is 0, oscillatory integrand, or insufficient WorkingPrecision.
If your integrand is oscillatory try using the option Method->Oscillatory in NIntegrate.
```



- Graphics -

```
L := 6
```

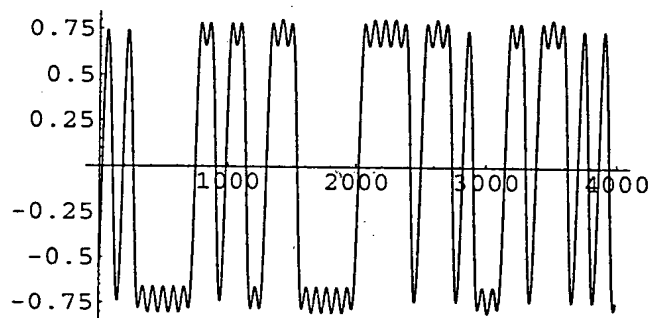
```
TestPulse2[6][0][t_] = LaurentC[4][0][t 6/7]
```

```
1. Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{3}{812500} + \frac{6t}{7}$ ]] Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{3}{406250} + \frac{6t}{7}$ ]] Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{9}{812500} + \frac{6t}{7}$ ]]
Sin[ψ[4,  $\frac{6t}{7}$ ]]
```

```
tom = Modulator[L][RandomBitSeq, SamplingInterval -> T/40, NumberOfCurves -> 1,
ModulatingPulse -> FiltPulse];
```

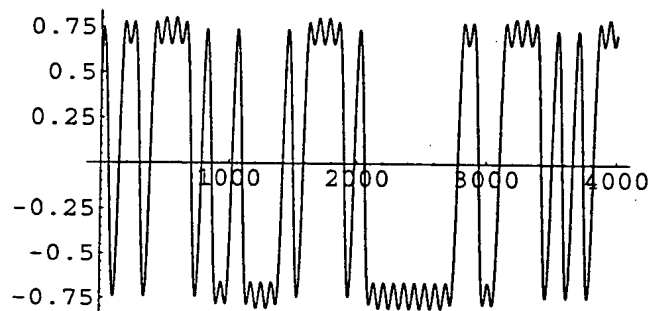
```
Save["ModulatorData.m", {T, L, RandomBitSeq, FiltPulse, tom}]
```

```
ListPlot[Im[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



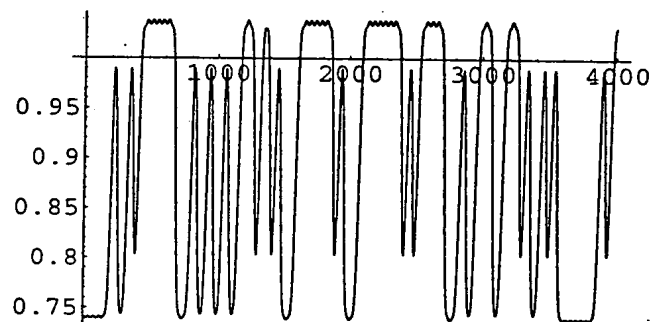
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Re[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



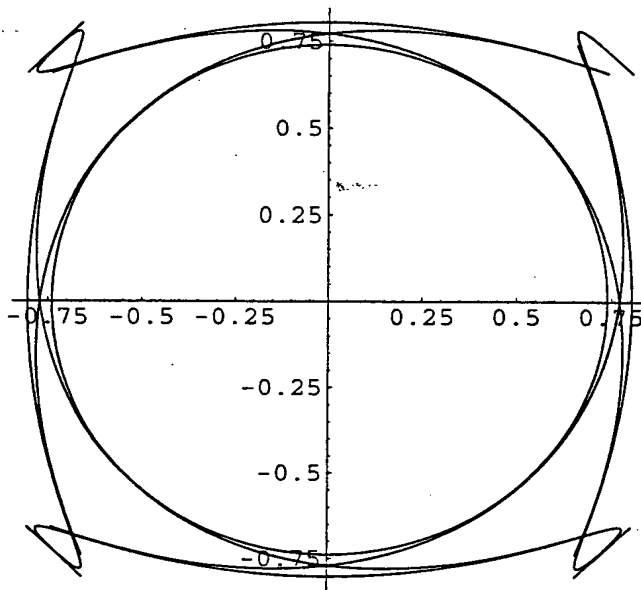
- Graphics -

```
ListPlot[Abs[tom], PlotJoined -> True]
```



- Graphics -

```
{Re[tom], Im[tom]} // Transpose // ListPlot[#, PlotJoined -> True, AspectRatio -> 1]&
```



- Graphics -

```
x11 = Table[TestPulse2[6][0][t T], {t, 0, 7 - 1/200, 1/200}];
```

```

BeginPackage["LaurentFunctions`"]

T::usage = "This is the symbol period"

BT::usage = "This is the usual product"

h::usage = "This is the raw gaussian pulse"

E::usage = "This denotes modulation index Pi"

ψ::usage = "ψ[L,t] is Laurents function"

hFiltered::usage = "This is the filtered gaussian pulse"

PhaseAngle::usage = "This function takes some time to calculate. The following
  code will draw a graph of the functionPhaseFunction[t_] = N[ φL,t];
phasepoints = Table[{t,PhaseFunction[t T]}/N,{t,0,L,1/40}];
ListPlot[phasepoints,PlotJoined -> True]"

S::usage = "S = Sin[ξ]"

J::usage = "J = ejξ"

C::usage = "C = Cos[ξ]"

M::usage = "M = 2L-1"

ModulationIndex::usage = "ModulationIndex = h"

LaurentS::usage = "LaurentS[L][n][t] = Sin[ ψ[L,t + n T]]/ S"

LaurentC::usage = "LaurentC[L][K][t] is Laurents CK,t"

AlphaKI::usage = "AlphaKI[LL][K,i] is Laurents αK,i"

LaurentLK::usage = "LaurentLK[L][K] gives the support of CK,t"

```

#### The start of Modulator Definitions

```

ANKInitialStateSetUp::usage =
  "ANKInitialStateSetUp[L][K][InitBitSeq,AccumulatedPhase] sets up the sequence
    of prior states of AK,N that the modulator went through to get to the
    constellation point specified by AccumulatedPhase which is really A0,0"

AKN::usage = "AKN[L][K][{State,AccumulatedPhase}] defines AK,N in terms of A0,N"

ModulatingPulse::usage =
  "The Pulse is assumed to have the following structure Pulse[L][K][t]"

NumberOfCurves::usage = "The number of pulses used by the modulator"

SamplingInterval::usage =
  "SamplingInterval is the interval between samples of the output of the modulator"

InitialState::usage = "InitialState is the set of bits that are assumed
  to be present before i.e {a1,a2, ...}"

StartingQuadrant::usage = "StartingQuadrant = A0,-1 and is a number"

Modulator::usage = "Modulator[L][BitSeq,Opts] assumes the following
  default options StartingQuadrant → 0,InitialState → Table[1,{i,
    1,20}],SamplingInterval → T/32,NumberOfCurves → 4,ModulatingPulse→
    LaurentC . The Pulse is assumed to have the following structure Pulse[L][K][t]"

```

#### Start of the Receiver Functions

```

FiltPulse::usage = "The default pulse and is called by FiltPulse[L][K][t]"

SyncSample::usage = "Given that the sampling interval is T/32, then sync
sample has rang -16 to 16 and this moves the point used to demodulate "

Receiver::usage = " Receiver[L][InputSeq,Opts] assumes the following
default options {StartingQuadrant->0,InitialState->{1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1},SamplingInterval -> T/32,ModulatingPulse ->
FiltPulse,SyncSample -> 0,NumberOfCurves -> 2 "

ReceiverProper::usage = "ReceiverProper[L][ StartingQuadrant, InitialState,
SamplingInterval,ModulatingPulse,SyncSample,NumberOfCurves,InputSeq]
is called by Receiver after all the options have been resolved"

Begin["`Private`"]

```

$$\sigma := \frac{\sqrt{\text{Log}[2]}}{2 \pi B T}$$

$$h[t_] := \frac{\text{Exp}\left[-\frac{t^2}{2 \sigma^2 T^2}\right]}{\sqrt{2 \pi} \sigma T}$$

Ideally we would and did define the effect of the convolution of  $h[t]$  by the formula below. However, this version of *Mathematica* gives an error.

```

hfil[t_] := Release[Module[{t}, Integrate[h[t - \tau], \tau, {-T/2, T/2}]]

hFiltered[PulseWidth_][t_] := Module[{x1, x2, x3}, x1 =
(N[#, 40] &)[Table[{t1, Integrate[h[t1 - \tau], \tau, {-T/2, T/2}], {t1, -PulseWidth/2, PulseWidth/2, T/20}}]];
x2 = Interpolation[x1]; x2[t]]

\ := N[ModulationIndex \pi]

C := Cos[\];
S := Sin[\];
J := (e^{j\} // Chop);
M := 2^{L-1};

PhaseAngle[L_][t_] /; t <= 0 := 0

PhaseAngle[L_][t_] /; t >= L T := \

PhaseAngle[L_][t_] :=
PhaseAngle[L][t_] = Module[{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6}, x1 = hFiltered[3 L T][t1 - L T/2];
x2 = Table[{t2, \ Integrate[Evaluate[x1] dt1], {t2, 0, L T, T/100}}]; Interpolation[x2][t]]

\ [L_, t_] /; 0 < t < L T := PhaseAngle[L][t]

\ [L_, t_] /; 2 L T > t >= L T := \ - PhaseAngle[L][t - L T]

```

We need to put this to avoid the function being extrapolated

```

\ [L_, t_] /; ! (0 < t < L T) && ! (2 L T > t >= L T) := 0

LaurentS[L_][n_][t_] := Sin[\ [L, t + n T]] / S

```



```

AlphaKI[LL_][K_, i_] /; (0 < i < LL) && (0 <= K < 2LL-1) :=
Module[{x1, x2, x3, KNum}, x1 := {x2 = Mod[KNum, 2]; KNum =  $\frac{KNum - x2}{2}$ ; x2};
KNum = K; x3 = Table[x1, {ii, 0, LL - 1}]; x3[[i]]]

LaurentLK[L_][K_] :=
Module[{x1}, x1 = Table[L (2 - AlphaKI[L][K, ii]) - ii, {ii, 1, L - 1}]; Min[x1]]

LaurentC[L_][K_][t_] /; 0 <= K < 2L :=
LaurentS[L][0][t]  $\prod_{ii=1}^{L-1}$  LaurentS[L][ii + L AlphaKI[L][K, ii]][t]

```

The start of the modulator function

```

ANKInitialStateSetup[L_][K_][InitBitSeq_, AccumulatedPhase_] :=
Module[{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, acuphase, initbitseq},
initbitseq = InitBitSeq;
acuphase = AccumulatedPhase;
UpdateSeq :=
Module[{}, x1 = acuphase - Sum[initbitseq[[i]] AlphaKI[L][K, i], {i, 1, L - 1}];
acuphase = First[initbitseq]; initbitseq = Rest[initbitseq]; x1];
Table[UpdateSeq, {i, 1, LaurentLK[L][K]}]]

AKN[L_][K_] [{State_, AccumulatedPhase_}] :=
AccumulatedPhase - Sum[State[[i + 1]] AlphaKI[L][K, i], {i, 1, L - 1}]

Options[Modulator] := {StartingQuadrant -> 0, InitialState -> Table[1, {i, 1, 20}],
SamplingInterval -> T/32, NumberOfCurves -> 4, ModulatingPulse -> LaurentC}

Modulator[L_][BitSeq_, Opts_] :=
Module[
{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, state, AccumulatedPhase, seq, AKNState, Curves, Pulse},
x1 = SamplingInterval /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
state = InitialState /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
x3 = StartingQuadrant /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
x4 = SamplingInterval /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
Pulse = ModulatingPulse /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator];
Curves = (NumberOfCurves /. {Opts} /. Options[Modulator]) - 1;
AccumulatedPhase = x3;
seq = BitSeq;
Table[
AKNState[K] = ANKInitialStateSetup[L][K][state, AccumulatedPhase], {K, 0, Curves}];
x5 := Module[{}, state = Join[{First[seq]}, Drop[state, -1]];
AccumulatedPhase = AccumulatedPhase + First[seq];
seq = Rest[seq];
Table[AKNState[K] = Join[{AKN[L][K][{state, AccumulatedPhase}]],
Drop[AKNState[K], -1]], {K, 0, Curves}];
x6[t_] = Sum[Sum[(J)AKNState[K][[i+1]] Pulse[L][K][t + iT],
{i, 0, LaurentLK[L][K] - 1}], {K, 0, Curves}];
Table[x6[t], {t, 0, T - x4, x4}];
Table[x5, {kk, 1, Length[BitSeq]}] // Flatten]

Options[Receiver] := {StartingQuadrant -> 0,
InitialState -> {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1}, SamplingInter-
ModulatingPulse -> FiltPulse, SyncSample -> 0, NumberOfCurves -> 2};

Receiver[L_][InputSeq_, Opts_] :=
Module[{x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6},
x1 = StartingQuadrant /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
x2 = InitialState /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
x3 = SamplingInterval /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
x4 = ModulatingPulse /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
x5 = SyncSample /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
x6 = NumberOfCurves /. {Opts} /. Options[Receiver];
ReceiverProper[L][x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, InputSeq]]

```

```

ReceiverProper[L_][StartingQuadrant_, InitialState_, SamplingInterval_,
ModulatingPulse_, SyncSample_, NumberOfCurves_, InputSeq_] :=
Module[{x1, sgn, ReceivedSeq, ExpectedValue, seq, ReceiveNext, D, J},
x1 = T / SamplingInterval;
ReceivedSeq = Partition[InputSeq, x1] // Transpose // #[[SyncSample + 1]] &;
ExpectedValue =
ModulatingPulse[L][0][(LaurentLK[L][0] / 2) T + SyncSample SamplingInterval];
J = StartingQuadrant;
sgn = 0;
D = {};
seq = ReceivedSeq;
ReceiveNext :=
Module[{x1, x2},
x1 = ((-1)sgn JJ First[seq]) // Im;
If[Abs[x1 - ExpectedValue] <= Abs[x1 + ExpectedValue],
D = Join[D, {1}]; J = J + 1, D = Join[D, {-1}]; J = J - 1];
seq = Rest[seq]; sgn = Mod[sgn + 1, 2];
Table[ReceiveNext, {i, 1, Length[ReceivedSeq]}];
D]

End[]

EndPackage[]

```